Code: EE5T4

III B.Tech - I Semester – Regular Examinations - December 2016

POWER ELECTRONICS (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks $11 \times 2 = 22 \text{ M}$

- 1 a) Define Power Electronics.
 - b) What is the purpose of snubber circuit? Draw the snubber circuit diagram.
 - c) Classify the Rectifiers.
 - d) List out the advantages of 3-ph rectifier over 1-ph rectifier.
 - e) Discuss various PWM techniques.
 - f) Show the basic parallel inverter diagram.
 - g) Compare between constant frequency and variable frequency control methods.
 - h) Write the step up chopper advantages.
 - i) Can you list two applications of cyclo converter?
 - j) Develop ac voltage controller using four diodes and one SCR.
 - k) Explain the draw backs of Solid state devices.

PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks. $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$

- 2. a) Explain in detail the turn off mechanism of an SCR? 8 M
 - b) What is the necessity of connecting of SCRs in series?
 What are the problems associated with series connection of SCRs? How are they eliminated?

 8 M
- 3. a) Discuss the operation of 3-ph semi converter with R and RL load and draw the voltage wave form for discontinuous and continuous mode of operation? Derive the load voltage expression.8 M
 - b) A single phase full converter supplies a load consisting of R, L and E. The inductance is large and output current is constant. Assume the SCR to be ideal with following data:

RMS supply voltage = 220 V, load resistance = 0.5 ohm, output current is 10 A 8 M

Determine i) firing angle if E= 135, E=-145 V

- ii) which source is supplying power in E=135 and E=-145
- iii) draw the load voltage waveform for both cases.

- 4. a) Describe the modes of operation of Jones chopper with neat waveforms. 8 M
 - b) A RLE type load is operating in a chopper circuit from a 400 V d.c source, for the load L=0.05 H and R=0.3Ω.
 For a duty cycle of 0.3, find the chopping frequency to limit the amplitude of load current excursion to 8 A.

8 M

5. a) Explain the 3-ph inverter 120 degree mode of operation with neat wave forms for both phase and line voltages.

8 M

- b) A single phase full bridge inverter is operated from a 48 V battery and is supplying power to a pure resistive load of 10 ohm. 8 M
 - Determine: i) the fundamental output voltage and the first five harmonics.
 - ii) RMS value by direct integration method and harmonic summation method.
 - iii) Output rms power and output fundamental power.
- 6 a) Describe the principle operation of single phase mid point cyclo converter with R and RL load for continuous and discontinuous mode with neat wave forms. 8 M

- b) List out merits and demerits of cyclo converter
- 4 M
- c) A single phase a.c regulator feeds power to a resistive load of 4 ohm from 230 V, 50 Hz source. Determine

4 M

- i) the peak values of average and RMS thyristor currents for any firing angle.
- ii) the minimum circuit turn off time for any firing angle.